#### LIST OF AGENCIES / INSTITUTIONS

AFP- Armed Forces of the Philippines

ARMM- Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao

ATI- Agricultural Training Institute

BARC- Barangay Agrarian Reform Committee

BCH-ARMM- Bureau of Cultural Heritage- Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao

**BSOs- Business Support Organizations** 

BSP-Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

**BuCor-Bureau of Corrections** 

BFAR- Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources

BPRE- Bureau of Post-Harvest Research

BI- Bureau of Immigration

BJMP- Bureau of Jail Management and Penology

**CESB- Career Executive Service Board** 

CHED- Commission on Higher Education

CHR- Commission on Human Rights

COA- Commission on Audit

**COMELEC- Commission on Elections** 

CSC- Civil Service Commission

CWC- Council for the Welfare of Children

DA- Department of Agriculture

DA-ATI- Department of Agriculture Agricultural Training Institute

DA-BPRE- Department of Agriculture Bureau of Post-Harvest Research and Extension

DAR- Department of Agrarian Reform

DepEd- Department of Education

DENR- Department of Environment and Natural Resources

DFA- Department of Foreign Affairs

DILG- Department of the Interior and Local Government

DND- Department of National Defense

DOE- Department of Energy

DOF- Department of Finance

DOH- Department of Health

DOJ- Department of Justice

DOLE- Department of Labor and Employment

DOST- Department of Science and Technology

DOST-ITDI- Department of Science and Technology Industrial Technology

**Development Institute** 

DOT- Department of Tourism

DPWH- Department of Public Works and Highways

DSWD- Department of Social Welfare and Development

DTI- Department of Trade and Industry

For more information, please contact:

## **Philippine Commission on Women**

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### LIST OF AGENCIES / INSTITUTIONS cont.

ECCD- Early Childhood Care and Development Council

FAP- Film Academy of the Philippines

FDA- Food and Drug Administration

FDCP- Film Development Council of the Philippines

GAB- Games and Amusement Board

GFIs- Government Financial Institutions

GSIS- Government Service Insurance System

HDMF- Home Development Mutual Fund

**HEIs- Higher Education Institutions** 

HGC- Home Guaranty Corporation

HLURB- Housing and Land Use Regulatory Board **HUDCC-** Housing and Urban Development Coordinating Council

IBP- Integrated Bar of the Philippines

LCPCs- Local Councils for the Protection of Children

LGUs- Local Government Units

LHBs- Local Housing Boards

LRA- Land Registration Authority MFIs- Micro-finance Institutions

MTRCB- Movie and Television Review and Classification Board

NAFC- National Agricultural and Fishery Council

NAPC- National Anti-Poverty Commission

NAPOLCOM- National Police Commission

NCCA- National Commission for Culture and the Arts

NCDA- National Council on Disability Affairs

NCIP- National Commission on Indigenous Peoples

NCMF- National Commission on Muslim Filipinos

NDA- National Dairy Authority

NDRRMC- National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council

NFARMC- National Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Management Council

NGOs- Non government organizations

NHA- National Housing Authority

NHMFC- National Home Mortgage Finance Corporation

NTC- National Telecommunications Commission

OCS- Officer Candidate School

OMB- Optical Media Board

OPAPP- Office of Presidential Adviser on the Peace Process

OPS- Office of the Press Secretary (renamed as Presidential Communications Office (PCO))

OSCA- Office of Senior Citizen Affair

### LIST OF AGENCIES / INSTITUTIONS cont.

OWWA- Overseas Workers Welfare Administration

PARC- Presidential Agrarian Reform Council

PARCCOM- Provincial Agrarian Reform Coordinating Committee

PCFC- People's Credit and Finance Corporation

PCUP- Presidential Commission for the Urban Poor

PCW- Philippine Commission on Women

PFDA- Philippine Fisheries Development Authority

PhilHealth- Philippine Health Insurance Commission

PMA- Philippine Military Academy

PNPA- Philippine National Police Academy

PNP- Philippine National Police

POEA- Philippine Overseas Employment Administration

POPCOM- Commission on Population

PPB- Parole and Probation Board

PPSC- Philippine Public Safety College PSC- Philippine Sports Commission

RCBW- Regional Commission on Bangsamoro Women

**RDCs- Regional Development Councils** 

SC- Supreme Court

SHFC- Social Housing Finance Corporation

SSS- Social Security System

SUCs- State Universities and Colleges

TESDA-Technical Education and Skills Development Authority

TRC-Technology Resource Center

## Who belong to the marginalized sectors?

The marginalized sectors are those that belong to the basic, disadvantaged, or vulnerable groups who are mostly living in poverty and have little or no access to land and other resources, basic social and economic services such as health care, education, water and sanitation, employment and livelihood opportunities, housing security, physical infrastructure and the justice system.

These include, but are not limited to women in the following sectors: Small Farmers and Rural Workers, Fisherfolk, Urban Poor, Workers in the Formal Economy, Workers in the Informal Economy, Migrant Workers, Indigenous Peoples, Moro, Children, Senior Citizens, Persons with Disabilities, and Solo Parents.

AT LEAST 5% BUDGET APPROPRIATION

## How can Filipino women living abroad benefit from this law?

Section 37 of the Magna Carta of Women mandates the designation of a gender focal point in the consular section of Philippine embassies or consulates. The said officer who shall be trained on gender and development shall be primarily responsible in handling gender concerns of women migrant workers, especially those in distress. Other agencies like **DSWD** and **DOLE** are also mandated to cooperate in strengthening the Philippine foreign posts' programs for the delivery of services to women migrant workers, consistent with the one-country team approach in Foreign Service.

# Who will be responsible for implementing the MCW?

The State, the private sector, society in general, and all individuals shall contribute to the recognition, respect, and promotion of the rights of women defined and guaranteed in the Magna Carta of Women.

The Philippine government shall be the primary duty-bearer in implementing the said law. It is tasked to refrain from discriminating against women and violating their rights; **protect** women against discrimination and from violation of their rights by private corporations, entities, and individuals; and **promote** and fulfill the rights of women in all spheres, including their rights to substantive equality and non-discrimination.

The government shall fulfill these duties through the development and implementation of laws, policies, regulatory instruments, administrative guidelines, and other appropriate measures, including temporary special measures. It shall also establish mechanisms to promote the coherent and integrated implementation of the MCW and other related laws and policies to effectively stop discrimination against Filipino women.

# What are the specific responsibilities of the government under the MCW?

The Magna Carta of Women mandates all government offices, including government-owned and controlled corporations and local government units to adopt gender mainstreaming as a strategy for implementing the law and attaining its objectives. It also mandates (a) planning, budgeting, monitoring and evaluation for gender and development, (b) the creation and/or strengthening of gender and development focal points, and (c) the generation and maintenance of gender statistics and sex-disaggregated databases to aid in ng and policy formulation.

The Philippine Commission on Women (PCW) shall be the overall monitoring and oversight body to ensure the implementation of the law. It shall be the primary policy-making and coordinating body for women and gender equality concerns and shall lead in ensuring that government agencies are capacitated on the effective implementation of MCW. Consistent with its mandate, the Commission on Human Rights (CHR) shall act as the Gender and Development Ombud to ensure the promotion and protection of women's human rights. The Commission on Audit (COA) shall conduct an annual audit on government offices' use of their gender and development budgets for the purpose of determining its judicious use and the efficiency, and effectiveness of intervention in addressing gender issues. Local government units are also encouraged to develop and pass a Gender and Development code (GAD Code) to address the issues and concerns of women in their respective localities based on consultation with their women constituents.

## What are the penalties of violators?

If the violation is committed by a government agency or any government office, including government-owned and controlled corporations, and local government units, the person directly responsible for the violation, as well as the head of agency or local chief executives shall be held liable under the MCW. The sanctions under administrative law, civil service or other appropriate laws shall be recommended by the Commission on Human Rights to the Civil Service Commission and the Department of the Interior and Local Government. In cases where violence has proven to be perpetrated by agents of the State, such shall be considered aggravating offenses with corresponding penalties depending on the severity of the

If the violation is committed by a private entity or individual, the person directly responsible for the violation shall be liable to pay damages.

The offended party can also pursue other remedies available under the law and can invoke any of the provisions of existing laws, especially those that protect the rights of women.

# How will the implementation of the MCW be funded?

The MCW provides that the State agencies should utilize their Gender and Development budgets for programs and activities to implement its provisions. Funds necessary for the implementation of MCW shall be charged against the current appropriations of the concerned agencies, and shall be included in their annual budgets for the succeeding years.

The MCW also mandates the State to prioritize allocation of all available resources to effectively fulfill its obligations under the said law



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EQUAL RIGHTS

